



**SAFETY DATA SHEET**  
DDP SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS  
US 9, LLC

**Product name:** GREAT STUFF™ Foam Cleaner 12oz HC 12ct

**Issue Date:** 03/14/2024

**Print Date:** 03/21/2024

DDP SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS US 9, LLC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

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## 1. IDENTIFICATION

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**Product name:** GREAT STUFF™ Foam Cleaner 12oz HC 12ct

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

**Identified uses:** Cleaner. We recommend that you use this product in a manner consistent with the listed use. If your intended use is not consistent with the stated use, please contact your sales or technical service representative.

**COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

DDP SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS  
US 9, LLC  
974 Centre Road  
Wilmington DE 19805  
UNITED STATES

**Customer Information Number:**

833-338-7668

SDSQuestion-NA@dupont.com

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 1-800-424-9300

**Local Emergency Contact:** 800-424-9300

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## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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**Hazard classification**

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable aerosols - Category 1

Gases under pressure - Liquefied gas

Eye irritation - Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3

**Label elements**

**Hazard pictograms**



Signal word: **DANGER!**

#### Hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol.  
 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
 Causes serious eye irritation.  
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Precautionary statements

##### Prevention

Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.  
 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.  
 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.  
 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.  
 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
 Wear eye protection/ face protection.

##### Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.  
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

##### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
 Store locked up.  
 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

##### Disposal

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards

No data available

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### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration
Acetone	67-64-1	>= 60.0 - <= 100.0 %

Propane

74-98-6

&gt;= 10.0 - &lt;= 30.0 %

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## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

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### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask, etc). If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to a medical facility.

**Skin contact:** Wash off with plenty of water.

**Eye contact:** Immediately flush eyes with water; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention without delay, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available. Get medical attention immediately.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician and/or transport to emergency facility immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. Exposure may increase "myocardial irritability". Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs such as epinephrine unless absolutely necessary. The decision of whether to induce vomiting or not should be made by a physician. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis.

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## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

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**Suitable extinguishing media:** Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use direct water stream. Straight or direct water streams may not be effective to extinguish fire.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Contains flammable propellant. Aerosol cans exposed to fire can rupture and become flaming projectiles. Propellant release may result in a fireball. Container may vent and/or rupture due to fire. Electrically ground and bond all equipment. Flammable mixtures of this product are readily ignited even by static discharge. Vaporizes quickly at room temperature.

**Advice for firefighters**

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Water may not be effective in extinguishing fire. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Eliminate ignition sources. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Warning - flashback potential.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

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## **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

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**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Keep personnel out of confined or poorly ventilated areas. Keep upwind of spill. Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Confined space entry procedures must be followed before entering the area. For large spills, warn public of downwind explosion hazard. Vapor explosion hazard. Keep out of sewers. Check area with combustible gas detector before reentering area. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or released vapor to avoid fire or explosion. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Absorb with materials such as: Dirt. Sand. Sawdust. Pump with explosion-proof equipment. If available, use foam to smother or suppress. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Wash the spill site with water. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

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## **7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

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**Precautions for safe handling:** Do not swallow. Do not enter confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing vapor. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container closed. No smoking, open flames or sources of ignition in handling and storage area. Ignition sources can include and are not limited to pilot lights, flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, and static discharges. Electrically bond and ground all containers and equipment before transfer or use of material. Contents under pressure. Do

not puncture or incinerate container. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. Use of non-sparking or explosion-proof equipment may be necessary, depending upon the type of operation. This material is hygroscopic in nature. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Spills of these organic materials on hot fibrous insulations may lead to lowering of the autoignition temperatures possibly resulting in spontaneous combustion.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Protect from atmospheric moisture. Store in a dry place. Avoid prolonged exposure to heat and air. Store in the following material(s): Carbon steel. Stainless steel. Polypropylene. Polyethylene-lined container. Teflon. Glass-lined container. Aluminum. Plasite 3066 lined container. Plasite 3070 lined container. 316 stainless steel. Store away from direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container closed. Minimize sources of ignition, such as static build-up, heat, spark or flame. See Section 10 for more specific information.

**Storage stability**

**Storage Period:**  
36 Month

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**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

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**Control parameters**

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Acetone	DUPONT AEL	AEL *	200 ppm
	DUPONT AEL	STEL	300 ppm
	ACGIH	TWA	250 ppm
	Further information: A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	ACGIH	STEL	500 ppm
Further information: A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen			
	OSHA Z-1	TWA	2,400 mg/m3 1,000 ppm
	CAL PEL	STEL	1,780 mg/m3 750 ppm
	CAL PEL	C	3,000 ppm
	CAL PEL	PEL	1,200 mg/m3 500 ppm
	OSHA P0	STEL	2,400 mg/m3 1,000 ppm
	OSHA P0	TWA	1,800 mg/m3 750 ppm
	NIOSH REL	TWA	590 mg/m3 250 ppm
Propane	ACGIH		See Further information
Further information: See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content; EX: Explosion hazard: the substance is a flammable asphyxiant or excursions above the TLV® could approach 10% of the lower explosive limit.; asphyxia: Asphyxia; D: Simple asphyxiant; see discussion covering Minimal Oxygen Content found in the 'Definitions and Notations' section following the NIC tables			
	OSHA Z-1	TWA	1,800 mg/m3 1,000 ppm
	CAL PEL	PEL	1,800 mg/m3 1,000 ppm

Further information: (h): A number of gases and vapors, when present in high concentrations, act primarily as asphyxiants without other adverse effects. A concentration limit is not included for each material because the limiting factor is the available oxygen. (Several of these materials present fire or explosion hazards.)		
NIOSH REL	TWA	1,800 mg/m3 1,000 ppm

**Biological occupational exposure limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Acetone	67-64-1	Acetone	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	25 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

**Exposure controls**

**Engineering measures:** Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only in enclosed systems or with local exhaust ventilation. Exhaust systems should be designed to move the air away from the source of vapor/aerosol generation and people working at this point. Lethal concentrations may exist in areas with poor ventilation.

**Individual protection measures**

**Eye/face protection:** Use chemical goggles. If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection:** Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Viton. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. When respiratory protection is required, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

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**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

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**Appearance**

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	Colorless
<b>Odor</b>	Mild
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	No test data available
<b>pH</b>	No test data available
<b>Melting point/range</b>	No test data available
<b>Freezing point</b>	No test data available
<b>Boiling point (760 mmHg)</b>	No test data available
<b>Flash point</b>	<b>closed cup</b> Flammable
<b>Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)</b>	No test data available
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not expected to form explosive dust-air mixtures.
<b>Lower explosion limit</b>	2.1 % vol <i>Vendor</i>
<b>Upper explosion limit</b>	8.5 % vol <i>Vendor</i> (propane)
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	4,482 hPa <i>Vendor</i>
<b>Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)</b>	greater than air
<b>Relative Density (water = 1)</b>	0.87 at 20 °C (68 °F) / 20 °C <i>Vendor</i>
<b>Water solubility</b>	completely soluble
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	No data available
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	450 °C (842 °F) <i>Estimated.</i>
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	No test data available
<b>Kinematic Viscosity</b>	No test data available
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	No
<b>Molecular weight</b>	No test data available
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>	50.8 g/L 10 WT% <i>Supplier</i>

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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**Reactivity:** No data available

**Chemical stability:** Thermally stable at typical use temperatures.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid:** Elevated temperatures can cause container to vent and/or rupture. Avoid static discharge.

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with: Acids. Bases. Oxidizers.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials.

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### **Acute toxicity**

#### **Acute oral toxicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

#### **Acute dermal toxicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

#### **Acute inhalation toxicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Sensitization**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Teratogenicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Mutagenicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Aspiration Hazard**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

## **COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:**

### Acetone

#### **Acute oral toxicity**



Central nervous system effects. LD50, Rat, 5,800 mg/kg

**Acute dermal toxicity**

LD50, Rabbit, > 7,426 mg/kg

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

Central nervous system effects. LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, vapour, 76 mg/l

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

May cause moderate eye irritation.

**Sensitization**

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target Organs: Central nervous system

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

**Carcinogenicity**

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

**Teratogenicity**

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

**Reproductive toxicity**

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

**Mutagenicity**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Aspiration Hazard**

The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

**Propane**

**Acute oral toxicity**

Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

**Acute dermal toxicity**

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, vapour, > 425000 ppm

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

No hazard from gas.

Liquid may cause frostbite upon skin contact.

Effects may be delayed.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Essentially nonirritating to eyes.  
Liquid may cause frostbite.

**Sensitization**

For skin sensitization:  
No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization:  
No relevant data found.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

**Carcinogenicity**

No relevant data found.

**Teratogenicity**

Screening studies suggest that this material does not affect fetal development.

**Reproductive toxicity**

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

**Mutagenicity**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

**Toxicity**

**Acetone**

**Acute toxicity to fish**

LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), 96 Hour, 6,210 - 8,120 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

LC50, Daphnia pulex (Water flea), 48 Hour, 8,800 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

NOEC, Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae), 8 d, 530 mg/l

**Toxicity to bacteria**

IC50, activated sludge, 3 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD 209 Test

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 28 d, 2,212 mg/l

**Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms**

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis (LC50 > 5000 ppm).  
 dietary LC50, Coturnix japonica (Japanese quail), > 20,000 ppm

**Propane**

**Acute toxicity to fish**

No relevant data found.

**Persistence and degradability**

**Acetone**

**Biodegradability:** Readily biodegradable.

**Biodegradation:** 90.9 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301B

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 2.20 mg/mg Estimated.

**Biological oxygen demand (BOD)**

Incubation Time	BOD
5 d	69.1 %
10 d	72.7 %
20 d	73.6 %

**Photodegradation**

**Test Type:** Half-life (indirect photolysis)

**Sensitization:** OH radicals

**Atmospheric half-life:** 52 d

**Method:** Estimated.

**Propane**

**Biodegradability:** No relevant data found.

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 3.64 mg/mg

**Photodegradation**

**Test Type:** Half-life (indirect photolysis)

**Sensitization:** OH radicals

**Atmospheric half-life:** 8.4 d

**Method:** Estimated.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Acetone****Bioaccumulation:** Bioaccumulation is unlikely.**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** -0.24 at 20 °C**Propane****Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 2.36 Measured**Mobility in soil****Acetone**

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 0.37 - 2.0 Estimated.**Propane**

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 24 - 460 Estimated.

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**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

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**Disposal methods:** DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Recycler. Reclaimer. Incinerator or other thermal destruction device. For additional information, refer to: Handling & Storage Information, MSDS Section 7 Stability & Reactivity Information, MSDS Section 10 Regulatory Information, MSDS Section 15

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**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

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**DOT**

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols
<b>UN number</b>	UN 1950
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Packing group</b>	
<b>Reportable Quantity</b>	Acetone

**Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):**

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	AEROSOLS
<b>UN number</b>	UN 1950
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Packing group</b>	

**Marine pollutant** No  
**Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code** Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

**Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):**

**Proper shipping name** Aerosols, flammable  
**UN number** UN 1950  
**Class** 2.1  
**Packing group**

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

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**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

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**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312**

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)  
 Gases under pressure  
 Serious eye damage or eye irritation  
 Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

**Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) Section 103**

Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

<b>Components</b>	<b>CASRN</b>	<b>RQ (RCRA Code)</b>
Acetone	67-64-1	5000 lbs RQ
Acetone	67-64-1	100 lbs RQ (F003)
Acetone	67-64-1	5000 lbs RQ
Acetone	67-64-1	100 lbs RQ (F003)

Does not contain HFC.

Compliant with Title 42 Chapter 85 Clean Air Act: Subchapter VII American Innovation and Manufacturing Act of 2020, and Section 612 US EPA Significant New Alternatives Policy.

This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

**Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act:**

The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

<b>Components</b>	<b>CASRN</b>
Propane	74-98-6

**California Prop. 65**

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

**United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)**

All components of this product are in compliance with the Active inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

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**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

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**Hazard Rating System**

**HMIS**

<b>Health</b>	<b>Flammability</b>	<b>Physical Hazard</b>
2/	4	3

**Revision**

Identification Number: 218436 / A776 / Issue Date: 03/14/2024 / Version: 10.1

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

**Legend**

ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
AEL *	8 & 12 hr. TWA
C	Ceiling
CAL PEL	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
DUPONT AEL	DuPont AEL (Acceptable Exposure Limit)
NIOSH REL	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA P0	USA. Table Z-1-A Limits for Air Contaminants (1989 vacated values)
OSHA Z-1	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	8-hour time weighted average

**Full text of other abbreviations**

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the

German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECl - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

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